





European Farm Animal Biodiversity Information System

Conservarea biodiversitatii animalelor de ferma si realizarea unor colectii de ADN

CENTRUL DE STUDII ȘI CERCETĂRI DE BIODIVERSITATE AGROSILVICĂ "Acad. Davidescu"





The targets of the Biodiversity Center is the durable exploitation of animal genetic resources, the conservation of animal genetic biodiversity, the realization of a biotechnological bank of Animal Genetic Resources (AGR) of preserving the genetic background of farm animals by applying modern reproductive biotechnologies. We will pursue the realization of two objectives: analysis objectives, description of animal genetic resources, which group the rules for investigation and surveillance, a genetic evaluation of rare characters and experimental objectives, of conservation of the animal genetic resources by applying reproduction biotechnologies and using the methodology specific to obtaining, handling and freezing the sperm; obtaining, cultivating and freezing eggs and embryos.

The international project of CSCBA- "Acad. David Davidescu"Common Central European Farm Animal Biodiversity Database
and DNA collection it's financed of National Plan for ResearchDevelopment and Inovation – Capacity Programs, modul III and
Grant for Romanian Academy.





- •The EFABIS project treats countries as the smallest unit, supporting aggregation at a regional level like the European database with the final aggregation at the worldwide global level at FAO.
- •To this effect, FABISnet consists of a network of countries databases together with regional (EAAP) and global databases.
- •Multiple databases can automatically exchange their data and thereby synchronize the contents. All databases are accessible through the Internet using a standard Web browser. This covers data updates for authorized users as well as browsing for anonymous users.







EFABIS





Now	•
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About

Necwork

Preeds

Ligrary

Help/FAQ

Breed names

Most common name	Mangalica
Language	hun.
Transhoundary or brand name	Mangalitsa

Breed local names

Other	name	Language
Hungarian	Mangalitza	eng.

English Y English >

Images

Set land Choose so	session languages	
Log-in		
Les name:	Mangalo	
Passwords	ENMANA	
Log In		

Mangalica boar.

Year: 1939 Gender: male

Photo credit: Prof Hans Honor Sambraus: address: Waldtruderingerstrasse 17A: 81827 Muerchen: Germany: email: h.h.sambraus@t-cnline.de; chone: 4304506 Locality:

Young Mangalica sig.

Year: 1939 Gender: unknown

Photo credit: Prof Hans Hinrich Sambraus; address: Waldtruderingerstrasse 17A; 81837 Muerchen; Germany, email: h.h.sambraus@bionline.de; phone: 4304506 Locality:

Webmester. **Discleimen**

Year: 2005 Gender: mixed

Photo credit: Mr Tamés Szobolevszki; Department for Agriculture; Xinistry of Agriculture and Rural Development; address; Kossuth L. tër 11; 1055 Budapest; Hungary; email: SzobolevszkiT@posta.fvm.hu; phone: 30144.72 Locality:





Year: 2005 Gender: maded

Photo credit: Mr Tamés Szobolavszki; Department for Agriculture; Ministry of Adrigulture and Fural Development; address: Kossuth L. tar. 11; 1055 Budanest; Hungary; email: SzobolevszkiT@posta.fvm.hu; phone: 30144-72. Locality:

Mangalica sow with sucking piglats.













United Kingdom

Iceland

Netherlands

Poland

Slovakia

Estonia

Austria

Switzerland

Italy

Slovenia

Cyprus

Georgia









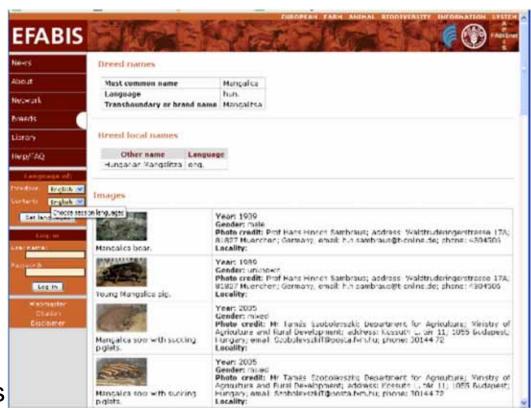




- •species
- •status
- country
- •continent

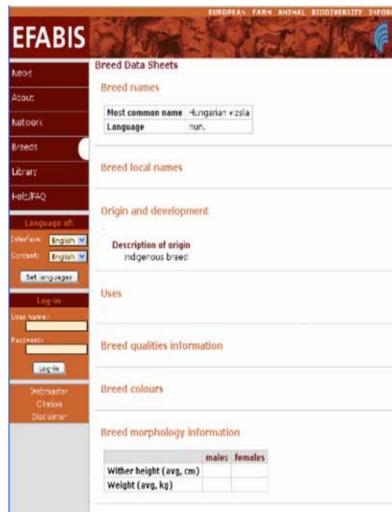
Description:

- •local name
- origin
- uses
- external characteristics
- morphology
- performance
- population data (in the given country)
- •in Vivo programmes
- cryo Programmes



The goal is to be fullfilled with current and valid data and photos, and more...

- Current and valid informations from Breeding Associations – Partnership!
- Photos with pedigree information
- DNA samples for Research **DNA Repository**







Common bilateral Romanian-Hungarian project

- common know-how of sampling (geno and phenotype together the same time) at
- •IT infrastructure
- connecting open e-Learning database
- WEB 2.0 applications WIKI system



Case study: Romanian Grey Cattle

Phenotype photos

body measurements

breed history







Case study: Romanian Grey Cattle

Phenotype

photos body measurements breed history



sampling mitochondrial study genetic diversity **DNA** tests

DNA repository







Sample colletion with the TypiFix System for Scrapie-genotyping of sheep Sample collection of small tissue probes with the TypiFix system

Sample aquisition

error-free sample processing in the lab by automatic aquisition of the sample ID and transcription into the data baseaddlysisbuffer1 min, 400 xgaddlysisbuffer1 min, 400 xg

Purification of nucleic acids more than 5 x faster

DNA purification with dnaFIX columns

an extremly simplified and shortened one-step
high-throughput separation procedure of genomic DNA from TypiFix samples. The sorbents retain protein and other contaminantes, while the DNA passes the column in the exclusion volume

Reproducible DNA yield and quality

Gel electrophoresis of dnaFix purified DNA from 88 TypiFix samples 5 μl (total elution volume: 240 μL) of each sample were loaded on a 1% agarose/ EtBr gel. The DNA concentration is about 5 ng/μl or greater, n = negative control

Moleculargenetic analysis PCR

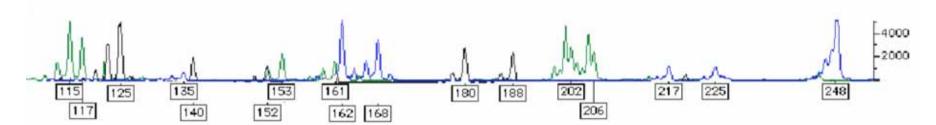


As codon- amino acid at codon 136, 154, 171 from 5 known haplotypes resulting PrP Genotype.

Moleculargenetic analysis

PCR

Scrapie-Genotyping





- 1. The TypiFix[™] ear tag system is simple, one-step collection and preservation of tissue samples
- 2.The TypiFix[™] ear tag system is fast, fully-automated and economical preparation of DNA
- 3. This method is to be performed much more quickly and economically than is currently possible with the traditional methods of sample preparation.
- 4. The analysis performed with the panel of the 10 markers still able to give a correct result for all pigs and the identification the meat products it was 100%.
- 5. It was analysis the prion protein for scrapie resistance genotyping as codon- amino acid at codon 136, 154, 171 from 5 known haplotypes resulting PrP Genotype.
- 6. It was analysis the stress resistance and F 18 + E.coli resistance of pigs.
- 7. The results are favorable for use the genes assisted selection as instrument of the biodiversity and for selection the animals that are the positives characters.







Thank you for your attention!

